

Future of the Inland Waterway

**THE COAL INSTITUTE
SUMMER TRADE SEMINAR
JULY 17, 2017**

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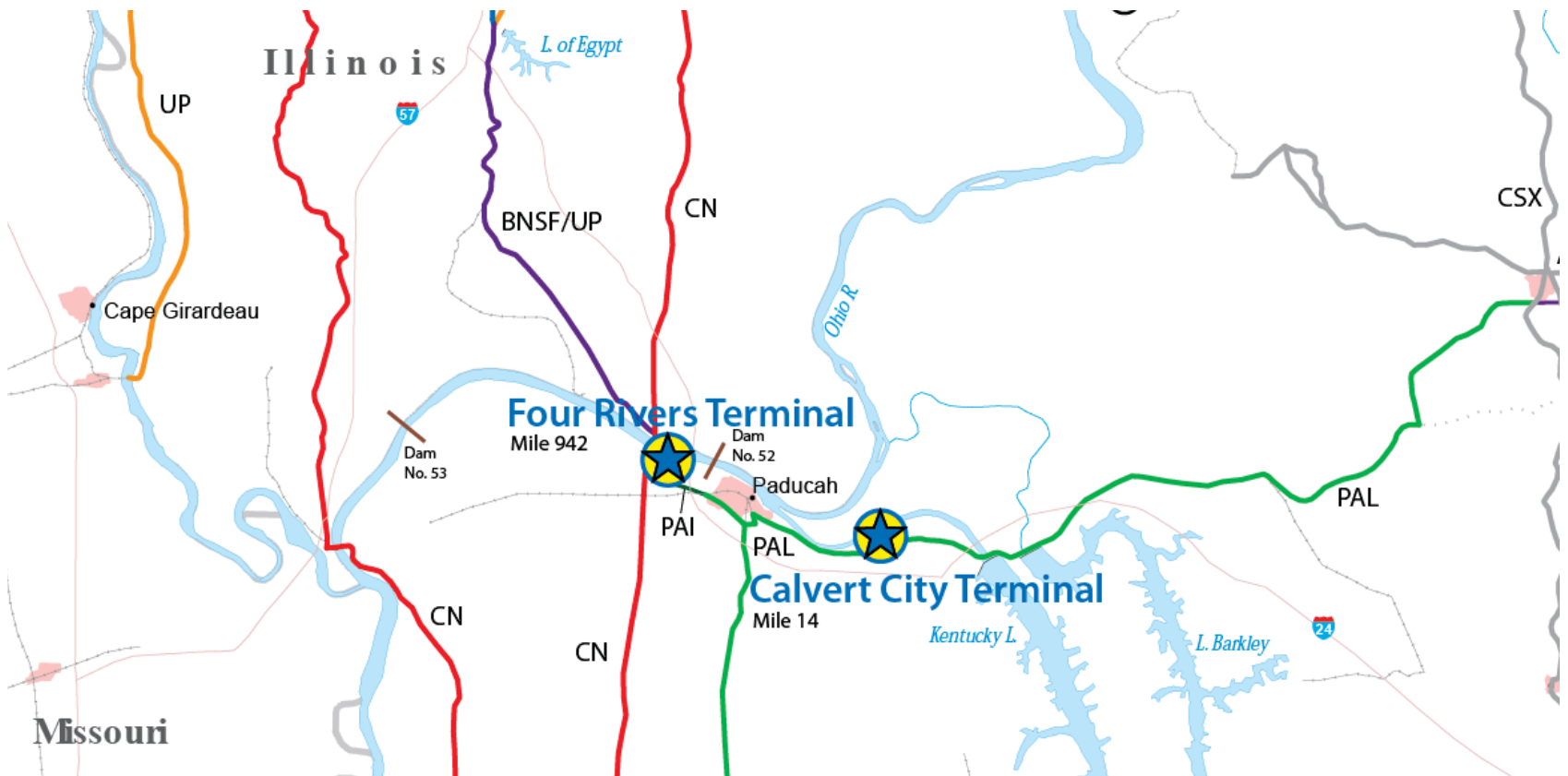
Company Overview

- SCH Services, LLC is a high-energy group of companies, narrowly focused on providing cost-efficient, high-value bulk material handling for customers, terminals, and producers
 - **Southern Coal Handling USA, LLC**
 - Terminal development and managing affiliate of SCH Services: specializes in the business development, construction, and management of our terminals
 - **Cornette Engineering Services USA, LLC**
 - Engineering affiliate of SCH Services: specializes in site development and engineering projects focused on bulk material handling and mine design
 - **Specialized Fuels, LLC**
 - Fuel sales affiliate of SCH Services: assists customers in the procurement of fuels and specializes in the entire logistical fuel procurement process, from sourcing to delivery
 - **SCH Terminal Services, LLC**
 - Operates terminals located on the inland river system. Each terminal is strategically located to provide logistical solutions for coal users by providing storage, blending and transloading services
 - **Calvert City Terminal, LLC**
 - **Four Rivers Terminal, LLC**



SCH Terminal Locations

- **CCT** located on the **Tennessee River**, **14 river miles** from the confluence of the **Ohio River**
- **FRT** located on the **Ohio River**, **37 river miles** from the confluence of the **Mississippi River**



Calvert City Terminal

Calvert City, Kentucky



Location

5044 Industrial Parkway
Calvert City, Kentucky 42029
Tennessee River Mile Marker 14.5

Capacity

12,000,000 tons annual throughput
4,000 tons hourly throughput
150-car double loop track
100 jumbo barge fleeting
Long- and short-term storage
Rail & barge loading & unloading

Access

Rail: BNSF, CN, CSX, NS, P&L, UP
River: Ohio, Tennessee, Mississippi

Calvert City Terminal (CCT) is a bulk material handling facility located at mile marker 14 of the Tennessee River. With its central location on the U.S. inland waterway system and direct connections to all major coal-carrying railroads, CCT serves as a vital link between western and Illinois Basin coal-producing regions and eastern coal consumers. The terminal has a yearly throughput capacity of 12 million tons, with the capability to unload coal and other bulk materials by barge and railcar (rotary or bottom dump), as well as load to both barge and railcar. CCT offers a unique value to its customers with its ability to loadout up to three-coal blends and store up to 3 million tons within its storage yard.



Design ☆ Build ☆ Operate

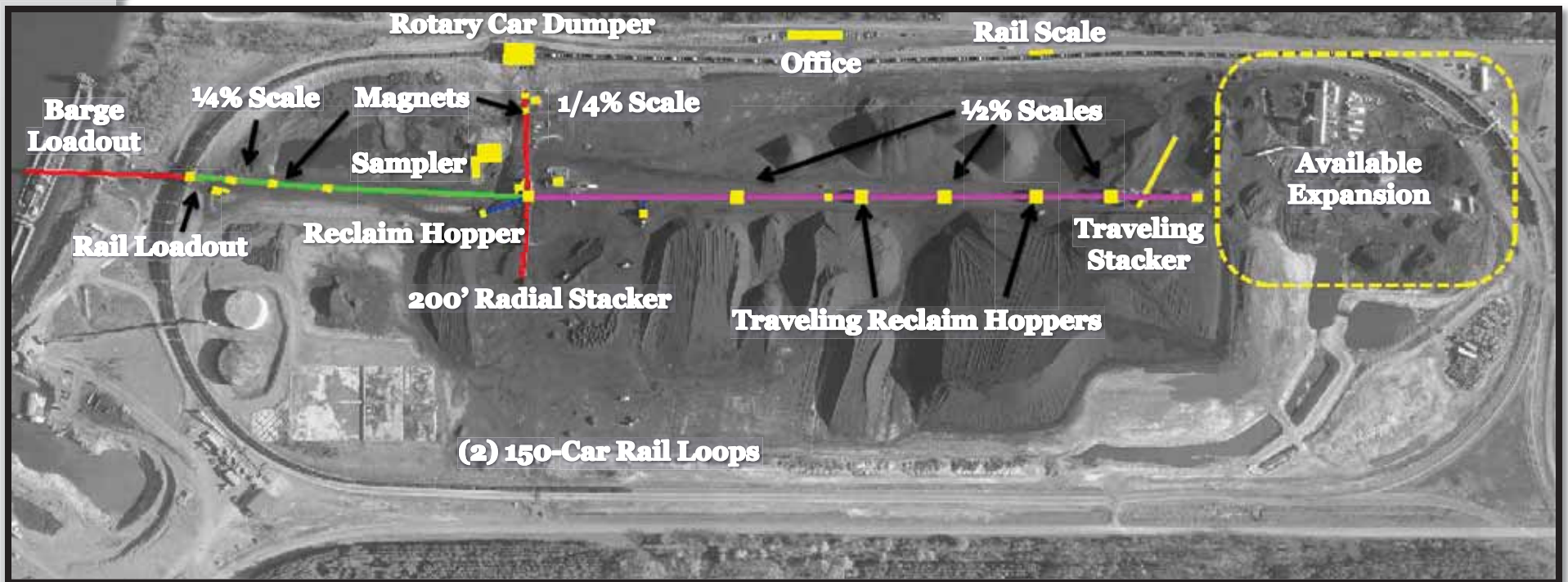
Actively Served by Six Railroads

Six Railroads Served CCT During One Week in July 2012



Calvert City Terminal Blending Design

- When required, CCT efficiently and accurately creates two- and three-way coal blends
- The configuration and equipment of the weighing and blending system at CCT is the gold standard on the inland waterway

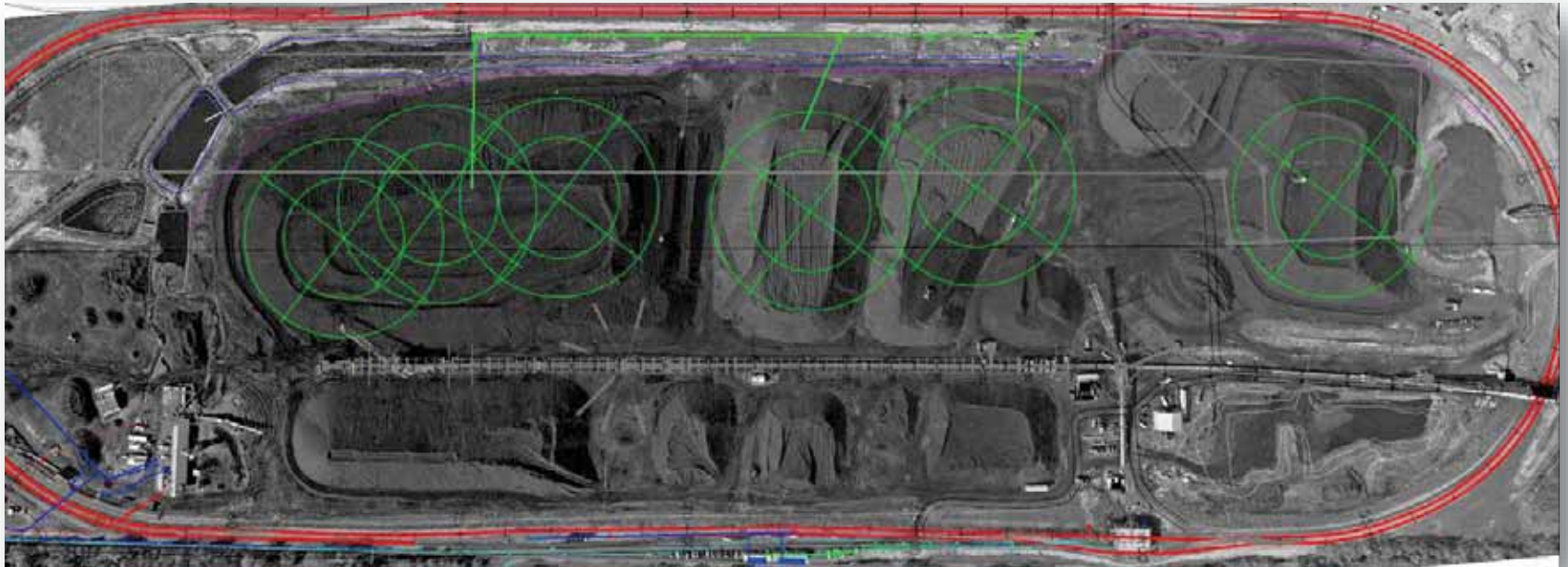


Calvert City Terminal Inventory Control

- The use of mobile equipment and movable hoppers in the loadout/blending process is both efficient and cost-effective
- Storage piles are always clearly separated and any pile can be reclaimed directly or in a blend upon a moment's notice



Innovative Stockpile Dust Control



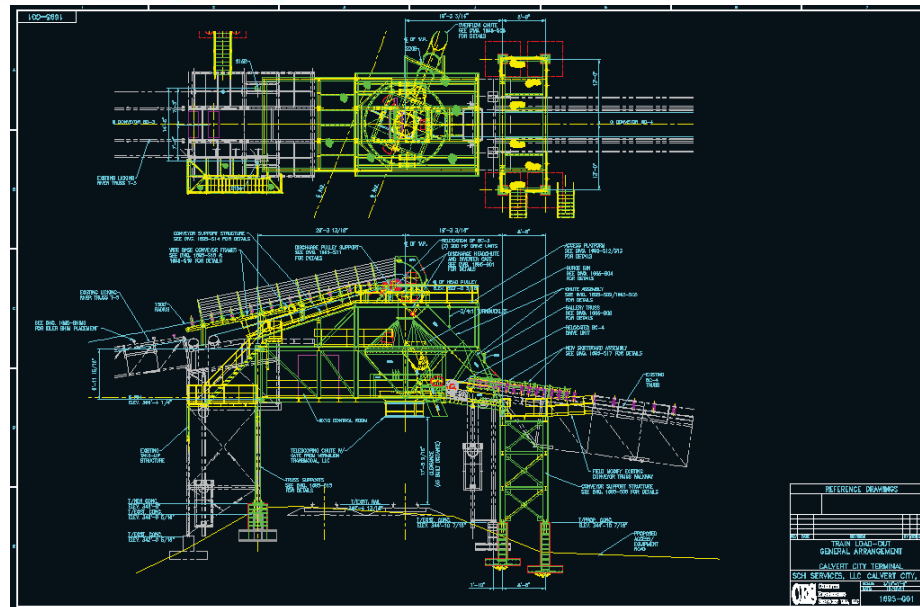
Rail Unloading Flexibility

- CCT features a **unit train rotary** and **rapid discharge unloader**
- Gondola railcars can sometimes have economic benefits over Rapid Discharge railcars due to its ability to hold over 8 additional tons per car
- Adding the **rapid discharge unloading** gives the customer uncommon flexibility on the inland water system
- Ability to accept both major railcar types gives customer greater flexibility
- **Combo car unit trains** can be unloaded utilizing either method without being uncoupled
- Improves unload time due to typical railcar issues:
 - Non-stripe aligned
 - Frozen coal
 - Hopper door



CCT Rail Loading Capabilities

- Capability to load 100-car unit trains in less than four hours
- Utilizes all capabilities of the terminal facility, including blending, sampling, and state certified scales
- Capability to load and unload trains simultaneously
- Up to three coal blend utilizing computer aided blending system with greater than 99% accuracy
- Blending from both yard and rail



100 MILLION TONS

JUNE 2017



Four Rivers Terminal

West Paducah, Kentucky

Location

7545 Noble Road
West Paducah, Kentucky 42086
Ohio River Mile Marker 943

Capacity

10,000,000 tons annual throughput
4,000 tons hourly throughput
150-car double loop track
100 jumbo barge fleetings
Short-term storage

Access

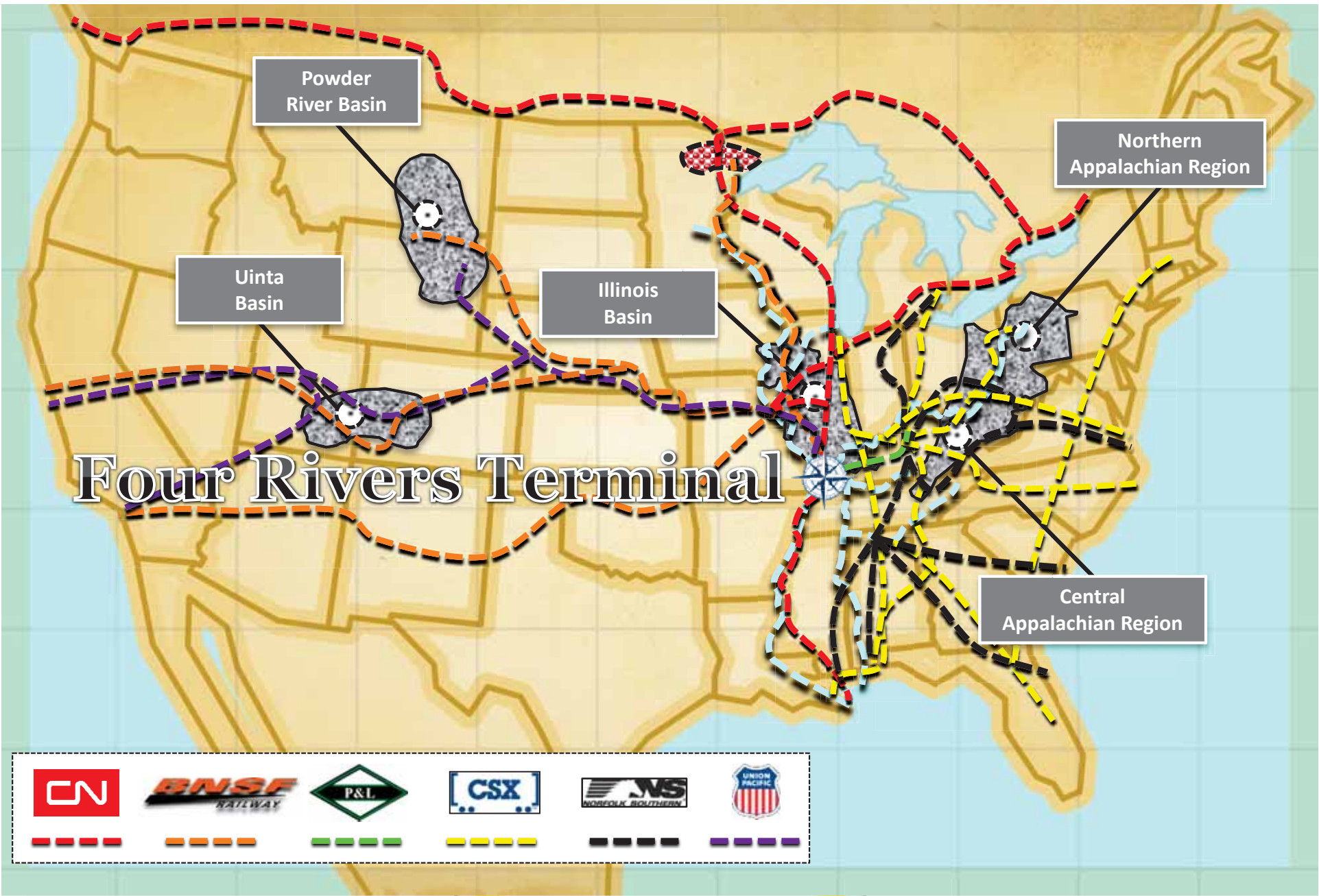
Rail: BNSF, CN, CSX, NS, P&L, UP
River: Ohio, Tennessee, Mississippi,
Cumberland, Tenn-Tom

Four Rivers Terminal (FRT) is a rapid discharge, bulk material handling facility located on the Ohio River at mile marker 943. Primarily designed as a direct train-to-barge transfer terminal, FRT offers its customers an unparalleled combination of access to major waterways and multiple Class I railroads. Considering just one low water dam separates the terminal from the Mississippi River, FRT presents a unique option for rail-bound tonnage destined for both southeastern customers and export through New Orleans. With a design capacity in excess of 10 million tons per year, Four Rivers Terminal boasts a double, 150-car rail loop coupled with a material handling system capable of transloading 4,000 tons per hour.



Design ☆ Build ☆ Operate





Four Rivers Terminal

Powder River Basin

Uinta Basin

Illinois Basin

Northern Appalachian Region

Central Appalachian Region

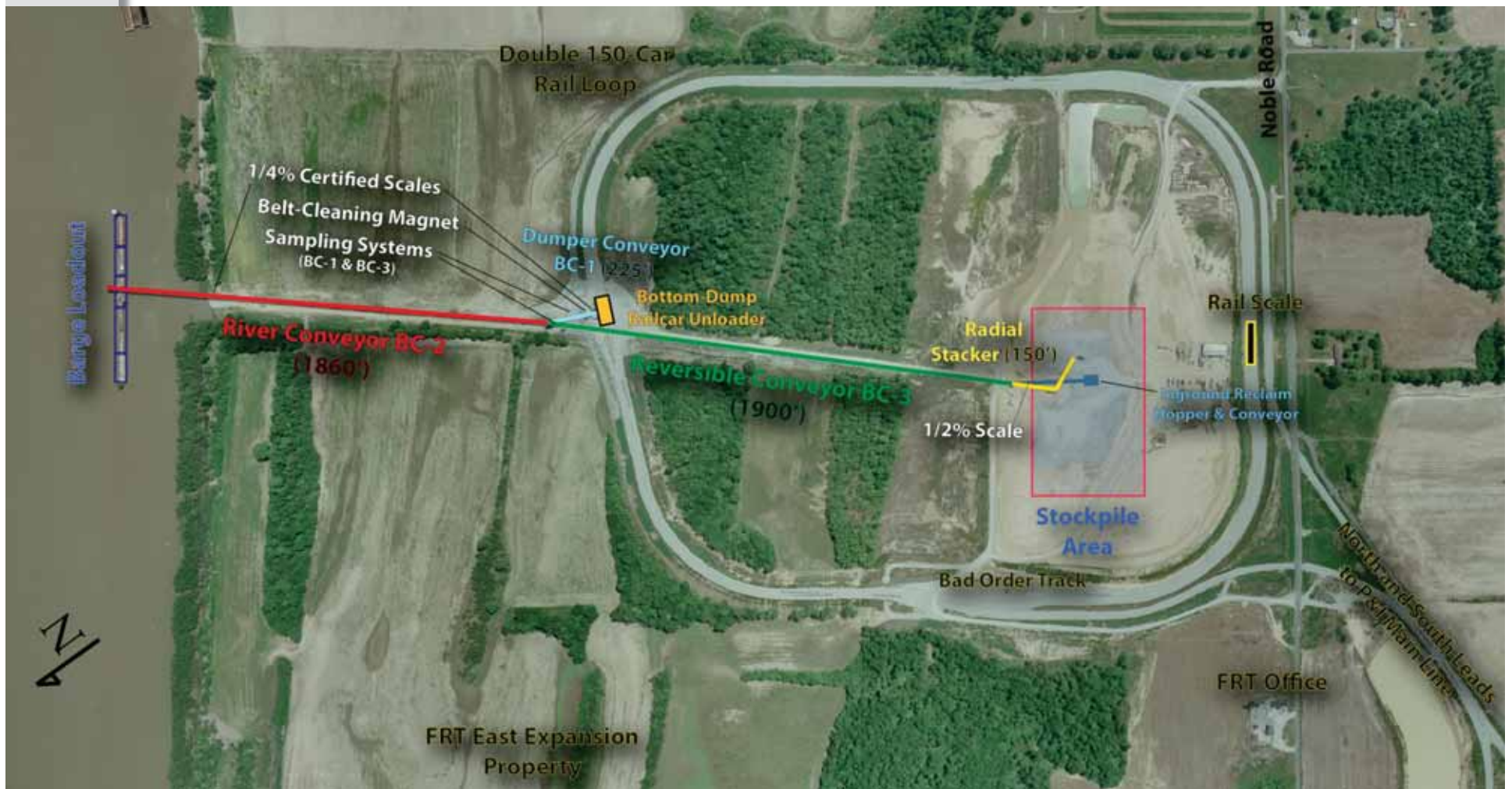
SCH Services, LLC

First Barge Loaded December 2014



Four Rivers Terminal

Points of Interest



Four Rivers Terminal Phase II Expansion

- Permitted **stockpile** capacity and most types of bulk material
- 4,000 tph stockpiling and **reclaim system**
- Segregated piles
- ¼% certified belt scale
- Capacity to reclaim and unload railcars to barge simultaneously



FRT Properties



Four Rivers Terminal Port Concept



Rail Access

Olmsted Lock and Dam

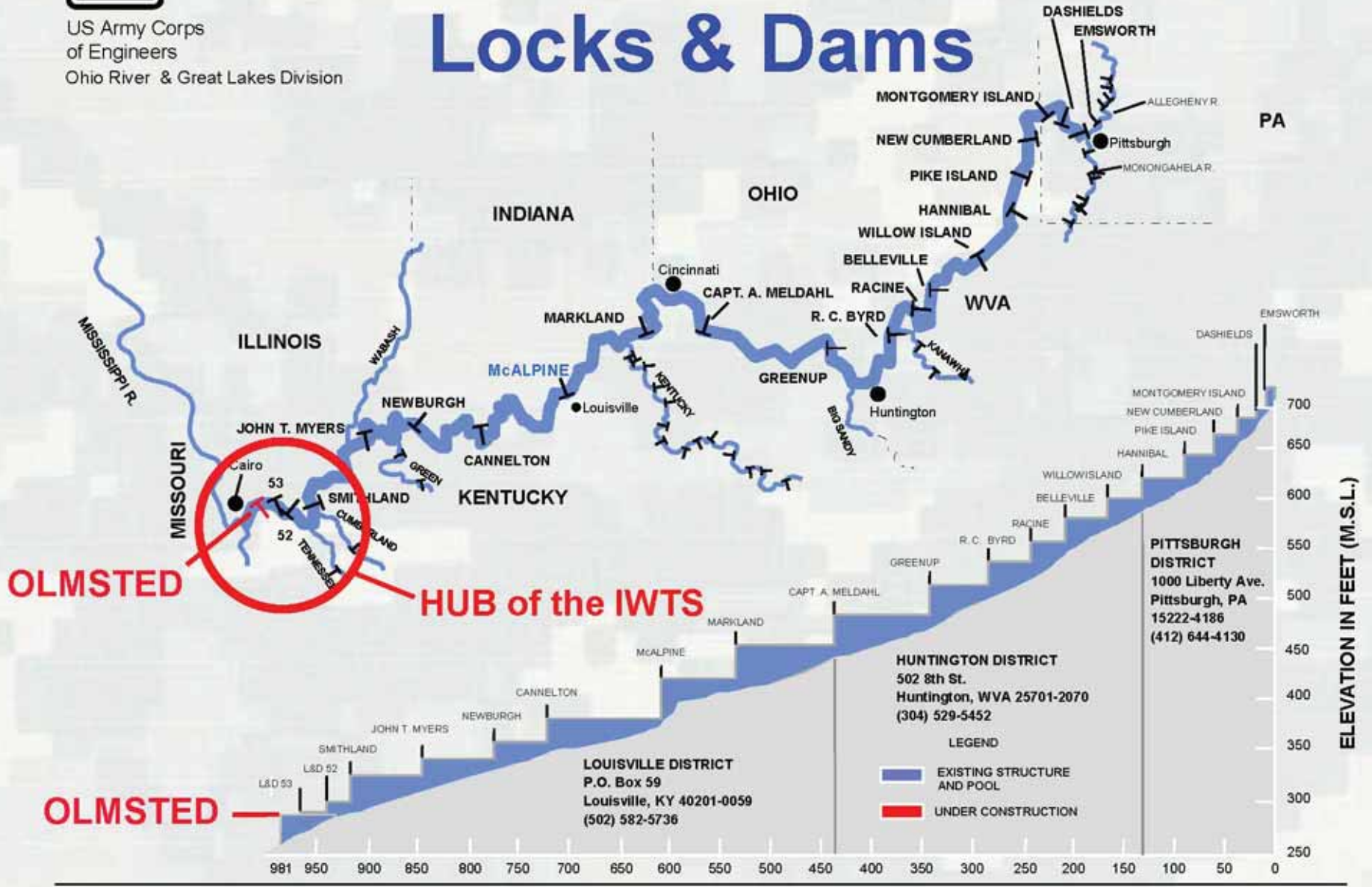
Source: www.lrl.usace.army.mil





US Army Corps
of Engineers
Ohio River & Great Lakes Division

Ohio River Main Stem Locks & Dams



Olmsted Importance



L&D 52/53
= 91M
tons/yr



Original (600') Chamber - 1928
Temporary (1,200-ft) Chamber - 1969

Original (600') Chamber - 1929
Temporary (1,200-ft) Chamber - 1980



Decades of Bottlenecks

Bottlenecks on the River

More traffic passes Locks and Dams 52 and 53, located near the mouth of the Ohio River, than any other spot on the inland waterways. Built in the 1920s and now showing their age, both locks will be replaced by the Olmsted Locks and Dam, which is decades behind schedule and billions over budget.



Most-used locks and dams of the inland navigation system

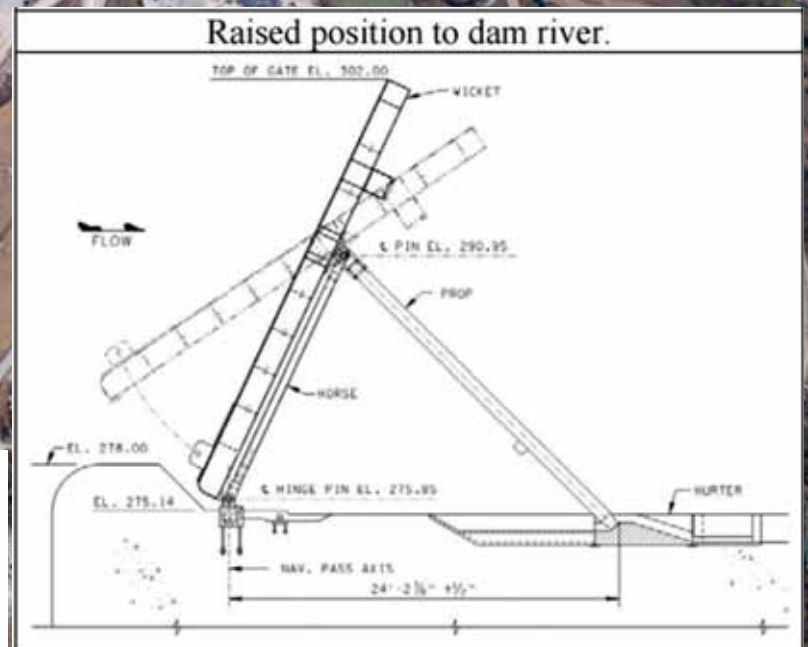
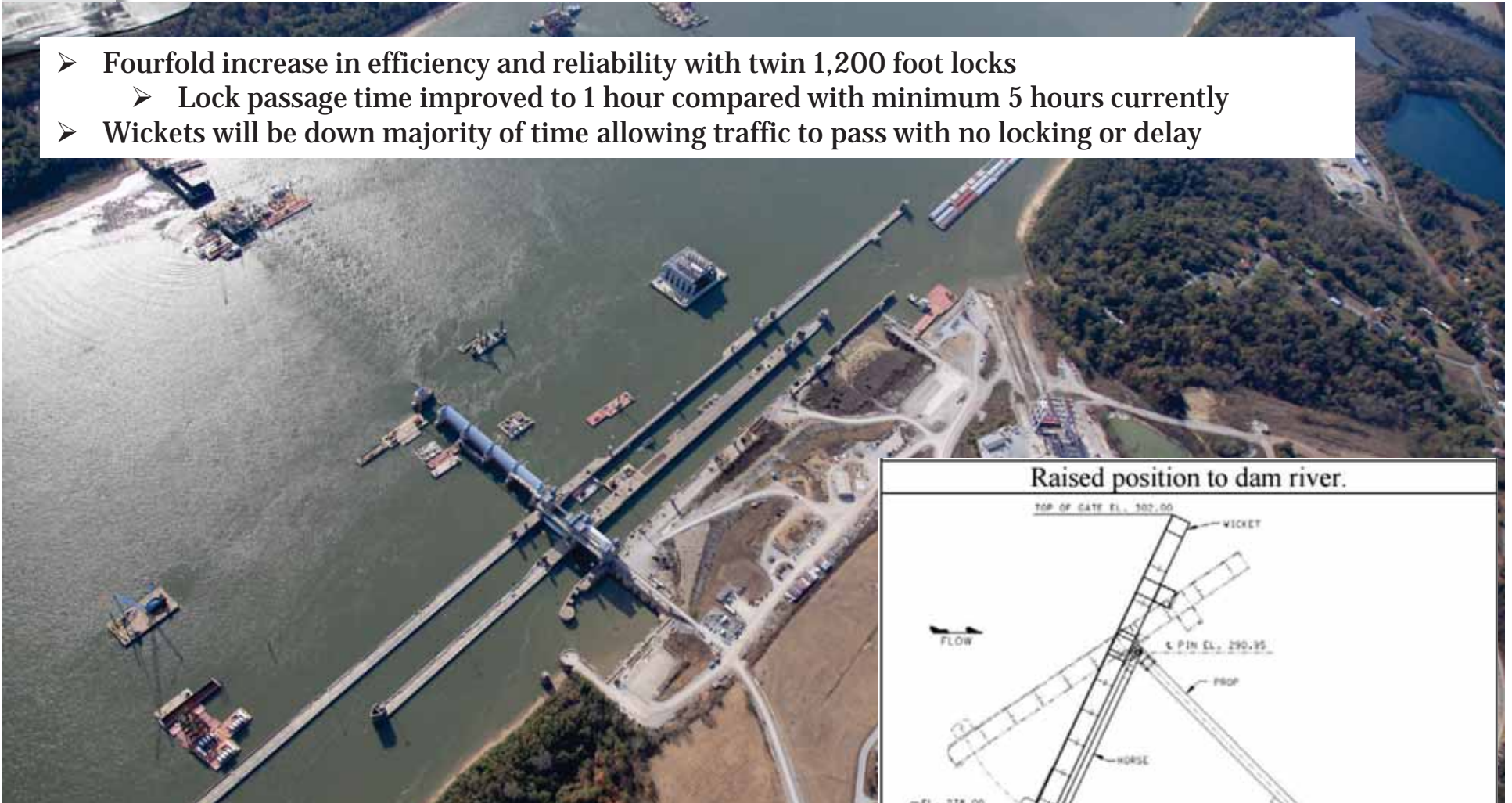
SITE	LOCATION	RIVER	2015 TONNAGE IN MILLIONS
Lock and Dam 52	Brookport, Ill.	OHIO	80.8
Lock and Dam 53	Grand Chain, Ill.	OHIO	72.3
Soo Locks	Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.	ST. MARYS	69.6
Newburgh Lock and Dam	Newburgh, Ind.	OHIO	69.1
Smithland Lock and Dam	Hamletsburg, Ill.	OHIO	63.7
McAlpine Locks and Dam	Louisville, Ky.	OHIO	62.0
Cannelton Locks and Dam	Cannelton, Ind.	OHIO	61.8
Lock and Dam 27	Granite City, Ill.	MISSISSIPPI	60.3
John T. Myers Locks and Dam	Mt. Vernon, Ind.	OHIO	56.5
Melvin Price Locks and Dam	East Alton, Ill.	MISSISSIPPI	53.7

Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
By The New York Times

- L&D 52/53 built in 1929
- Past delays required up to 5 days or more to travel 100 miles between L&D 52/53
- Olmstead L&D budget approved in 1988 for \$775MM
 - Recent estimated cost of the project are now near \$3 billion
- Previous timetable put Olmsted opening in 2022
- Opening has been **accelerated** due to approved funding and optimal river conditions
- According to the USACE the new operational opening is **SUMMER 2018 and \$300MM under re-estimated cost**

Olmsted Built for the Future

- Fourfold increase in efficiency and reliability with twin 1,200 foot locks
 - Lock passage time improved to 1 hour compared with minimum 5 hours currently
- Wickets will be down majority of time allowing traffic to pass with no locking or delay



- Will maintain required navigable depth upstream to Smithland L&D
- This will give **FRT** an additional 10' of river depth
- Ability to load maximum draft competitive with STL harbor

Thank you!

